(ii) Central Institute of Fisheries Technology (CIFT), Cochin established in 1957.

• (iii) Central Institute of Fisheries Education (CIFE), Bombay, established in 1961 and later in 1989 upgraded to Deemed to be University Status.

(iv) Central Institute of Brackish-water Aquaculture (CIBA), Madras, established in 1987.

(v) National Bureau of Fish Genetic Resources (NBFGR), Lucknow established in 1983.

Recommendations of National Commission on Agriculture

6575. SHRI SANJAY DALMIA:
MAULANA OBAIDULLAH KHAN AZMI:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the National Commission on Agriculture has recommended for an interested set up for agricultural development both at the Centre and the States;

(b) if so, the steps taken to implement the recommendations;

(c) whether Government are aware that there is no coordination among the Centre, States and other organisations; and

(d) if so, the steps being taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ARVIND NETAM): (a) and (b) The National Commission on Agriculture has recommended for Integrated set up including *inter-alia* the establishment of planning units at the Centre and the States for formulation, coordination and evaluation of the plans in order to achieve over-all agricultural development. Both the Centre and *most* of the"state: Governments have set up planning units for the formulation and coordination of oyerall agricultural policy.

(c) and (d) Coordination between Departments within the Ministry of Agriculture at the Centre and between Centre and States is a continuing process and forms a basic condition for effective implementation of the national development plans. Wherever lacunae have been observed, timely remedial measures have been taken.

Programme for encouraging plantation of fruit trees

6576. SHRI SANJAY DALMIA:
MAULANA OBAIDULLAH KHAN AZMI:
SHRI S. K. T. RAMACHANDRAN:

'Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to launch any programme for encouraging plantation of fruit trees to boost the production of fruits in the country particularly in rural areas; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ARVIND NETAM): (a) and (b) The Government of India has already implemented a Centrally Sponsored Scheme for 'Integrated Development of Tropical, Arid and Temperate Zone fruits'. The assistance for area expansion under fruit crops is available @50 per cent of the total cost in split instalments. The crops covered are Mango, Litchi, Citrus, Sapota, Guava, Grapes, Ber, Pomegranate, Banana and other regional fruit crops in an area of 0.5 ha. to each beneficiary. An area of 35027 ha. will be brought under fruit crops during 8th Plan. Accordingly, in order to supply

quality planting material to the or-chardist, a total of 85 large conventional nurseries in public sector, 587 small nurseries and 37 tissue culture units in public and private sector are also included. Fund has also been allocated for field demonstration training of farmers and publicity materials on improved fruit production technology. National Horticulture Board (NHB) is also giving assistance to the extent of Rs. 50,000/-per group of 50 farmers for training. Besides, 10 fruit plants at a maximum cost of Rs. 50/- per family is being distributed freely by NBH for the establishment of nutritional garden in rural areas.

Apart from these, Ministry of Rural Development have also launched a scheme on employment assurance for plantation *o'l* new fruit crops, for those who are below poverty line under which maximum assistance is available upto Rs. 15,000 per ha.

कपास के बीजों का वितरण

6577. **श्री अनन्तराय देवशंकर दवे:**
श्री चिमनभाई हरिभाई शुक्ल:

क्या कृषि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान गुजरात में किसानों को वर्ष-वार कुल कितनी मात्रा में कपास के बीजों का वितरण किया गया ;

(ख) राज्य में उगाए जा रहे कपास की विभिन्न किस्मों के बीजों का ब्यौरा क्या हैं; और

(ग) उक्त अवधि के दौरान राज्य में कपास का कुल कितना उत्पादन हुआ ?

कृषि मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री एस० कृष्ण कुमार) : (क) 1991–92 से 1993–94 तक के दौरान वितरित किये गए कपास के बीजों की मात्रा क्रमश: 0.61 लाख क्विंटल, 0.83 लाख क्विंटल तथा 0.89 लाख क्विंटल है।

(ख) राज्य में उगाई जा रही कपास की प्रमुख किस्में हैं–दिग्विजय, बी–797, संजय, रविराज, गुजरात–10, क्यू०यू०जे०–11, जी०यू०जे०–12, जी०यू० जे०–13, जी०यू०जे०–15, एल०आर०ए०–5166, एच–4, एच–6, एच–7, एच–8, एच–9, वरलक्ष्मी, डी०सी०एच०–32, इत्यादि।

(ग) 1991–92 से 1993–94 के दौरान क्रमश: 11.81 लाख, 19.89 लाख और 16.23 लाख गांठों का उत्पादन हुआ ।

Central Research Institute for Jute and! Alied Fibres

6578. SHRI MD. SALIM:
SHRI NILOTPAL BASU:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is tact that the Chief Minister of West Bengal has written to the Minister two letters on 13th September, 1994 and 6th December, 1994 proposing solutions for evolution of joint mong process involving the Central and State Government to sort out the problems concerning the Central Reseirch Institute for Jute and Allied Fibres (CRIJAF), Bavrack.-pore;

(b) if so, the response of Government to this proposal and the action taken in the matter; and

(c) if no action is proposed on* the suggestions of the Chief Minister, how Government propose to enable the institute to play a meaningful role in the development of jute industry—a major industry in the State?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR): (a), Yes, Sir,